

**Final Stakeholder Conference**

- Higher resolution and timely climate information and forecasts, which requires a denser network of meteorological instruments and a greater allocation of resources, to cover the many agroclimatic zones within countries,
- The development of a communication strategy for dissemination of weather and climate information for agriculture (the process has already begun, but needs to be continued and brought to a conclusion),
- Staff of the NMSs dedicated solely to agroclimatology, rather than having this as part of their day-to-day duties,
- Further training of staff from agriculture extension services in agrometeorology,
- Enhancement of biological and general agricultural data collection and recording (this has limited the impact of the pests and diseases and crop simulation activity),
- The establishment of national Disaster Risk Reduction committees in agriculture (this could be the Tri-partite committees formed through CAMI, or an enhanced version of these) ratified by government and that reports to government.

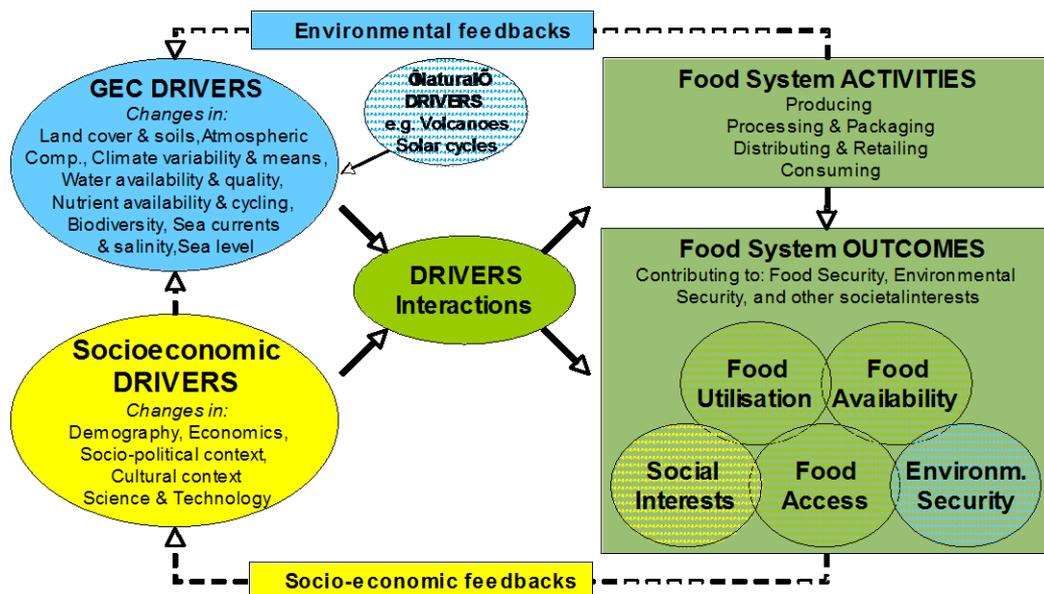
# Areas for Working Group Discussions

- Support for enhanced Regional Climate Monitoring
- Support for a Caribbean Regional Climate Outlook Forum and Seasonal Forecasting
- Development of Seasonal Forecasting capabilities to apply to sectors such as agriculture, water resources, coral reef health, tourism
- Access to and use of remote sensing data for climatological purposes
- Development of the statistical capabilities of CIMH

# With Respect to Food Security Nationally and Regionally Requires Comprehensive/Integrated Approach

Not Water in a Vacuum – too many overlapping issues

- Such Frameworks already exists
- FAO, GECAFS...



- The Resources needed for sustainability of the effort
- Future of Modelling Applications (including stats)
- Policy relative to data networks
- Sections for a Policy Brief and Strengthening Communication